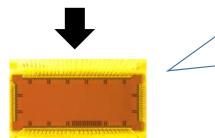
Measurement of Timing Error Detection Performance of Software-based Error Detection Mechanisms and Its Correlation with Simulation

Yutaka Masuda, Masanori Hashimoto, Takao Onoye Dept. of Information Systems Eng., Osaka University {masuda.yutaka, hasimoto}@ist.osaka-u.ac.jp

- Background and objective
- Silicon measurement
- Correlation between silicon measurement and simulation
- Conclusion

Challenges in Post-Silicon Validation

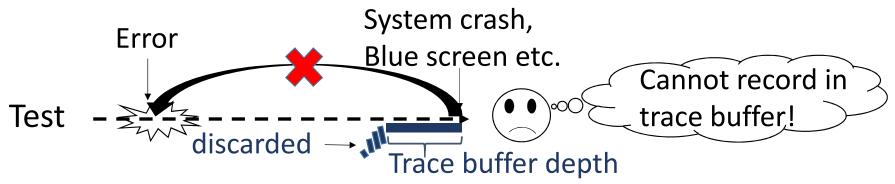
A number of tests



Unexpected behavior happens due to

- . logic bug
- Electrical timing error (This work)

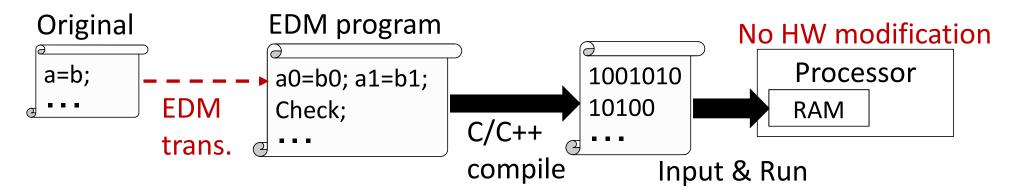
To localize errors w/ trace buffer, we need to quickly detect errors!!



Long detection latency (e.g. billions cycles)

EDM* Trans. for quick error detection

(*) Error Detection Mechanisms, one of SW-based error detec. tech.



Eg. EDM-L (EDM for short Latency) [1]

$$a = b;$$
 $a0 = b0; a1 = b1;$ Duplicate all instructions EDM-L if (a0 != a1) error(); $rac{1}{2}$ Check : When variable written

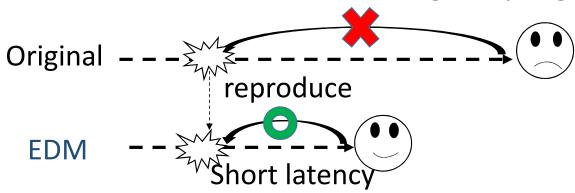
EDM-L quickly detects 86 % of elect. timing errors that vary exec. results [1]. (only evaluated in simulation.)

[1] Y. Masuda, M. Hashimoto, and T. Onoye, "Performance Evaluation of Software-based Error Detection Mechanisms for Localizing Electrical Timing Failures under Dynamic Supply Noise," *Proc. ICCAD*, 2015.

Objective

- 1. To answer "How much electrical errors can EDM* localize?" based on silicon measurement!
- 2. To evaluate correlation between sim. and silicon results.

Scenario 1: Localize electrical errors in original program.

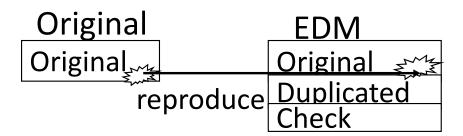


<u>Scenario 2</u>: Localize electrical errors that vary exec. results.

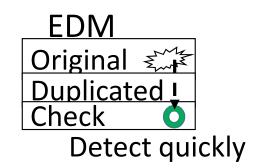
Reproducibility and Detectability

For making EDM work well, 2 conditions should be satisfied.

COND1: Reproducibility (necessary for Scenario1)



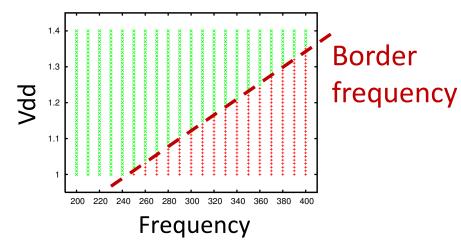
COND2 : Detectability (necessary for Scenario1 and Scenario2) error latency ≤ 1000 cycles → satisfied

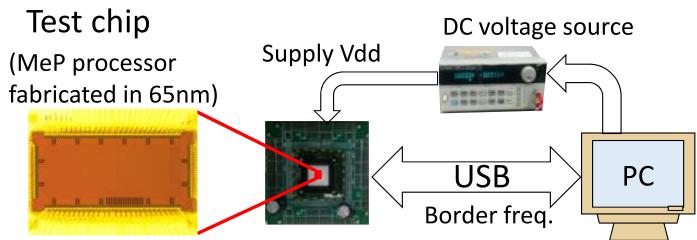


- Background and objective
- Silicon measurement
- Correlation between silicon measurement and simulation
- Conclusion

Preparation

Evaluate error occurrence border freq. for each workload and Vdd

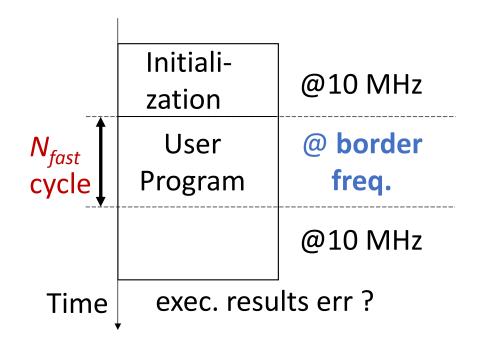




Measurement

Evaluate error occurrence time for computing error detection latency.

repeat program execution
 by changing Nfast
 in binary search manner



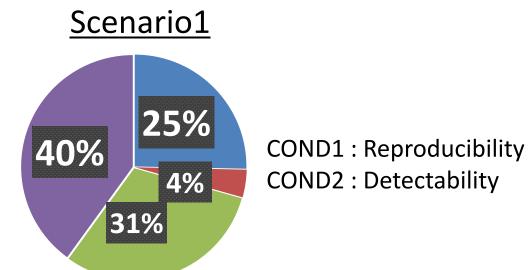
Total: 75 measurements

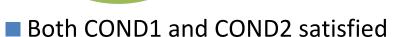
User program : dijkstra, sha, crc (MiBench)

• Supply voltage : 1.0 - 1.4 V with 0.1V interval

• Test chip : 5 chips

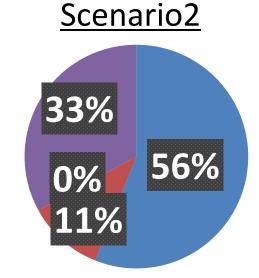
Evaluation Result





- Only COND1 satisfied
- Only COND2 satisfied
- Neither COND1 nor COND2 satisfied

Detect 25 % of original errors.



- Detected & Latency < 1000 cycles
- Detected & latency > 1000 cycles
- Not detected & correct results
- Not detected & incorrect results

Detect 56 % of errors varying results.

- Background and objective
- Silicon measurement
- Correlation between silicon measurement and simulation
- Conclusion

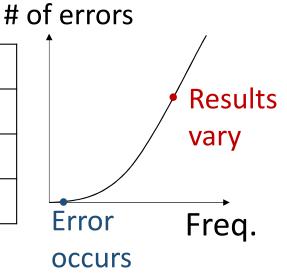
Simulation setup

Consider 2 simulation setup

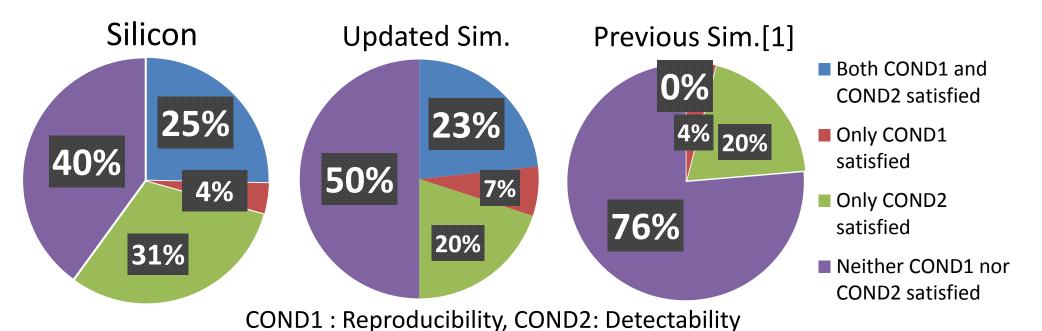
- 1. Previous Sim.[1]
- 2. Sim. which updates PDN and definition of border freq.

Evaluation setup

	PDN design	Border freq.
Silicon	Low noise	Exec. results vary
Previous Sim.[1]	3% - 7% Vdd drop	Timing error occurs
Updated Sim.	Zero noise	Exec. results vary



(Localize electrical timing errors in original program)

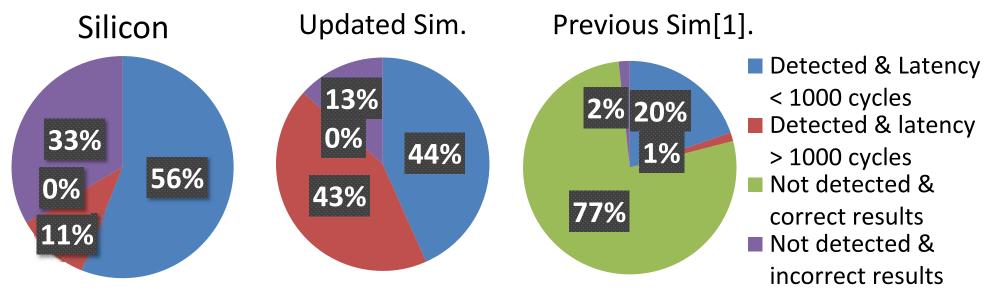


- Consistent between updated sim. and silicon
 - Detectability for original errors: 25%(Silicon)

23%(updated Sim.)

Correlation between silicon and sim. (Scenario2)

(Localize potential errors that vary results)



Consistency improvement by simulation update

For errors varying results, EDM detects

56 % (Silicon)
44 % (Updated Sim.)
87 % =
$$\frac{0.2}{1-0.77}$$
 (Previous Sim.)

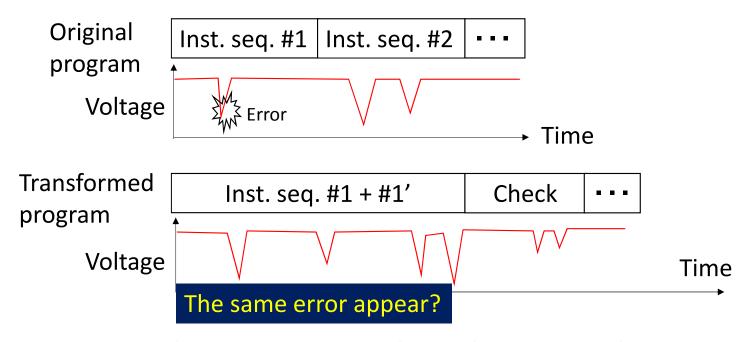
- Background and objective
- Silicon measurement
- Correlation between silicon measurement and simulation
- Conclusion

Conclusion

- Evaluated error detection performance of EDM transformation for supply noise induced timing errors based on silicon measurement.
 - Considered two EDM usage scenarios
 - In scenario1, EDM detected 25% of original errors.
 - In scenario2, EDM detected 56% of errors varying results.
- Evaluate correlation of EDM performance between sim. and silicon.
 - Update PDN design and definition of border frequency.
 - Consistent between updated sim. and silicon.

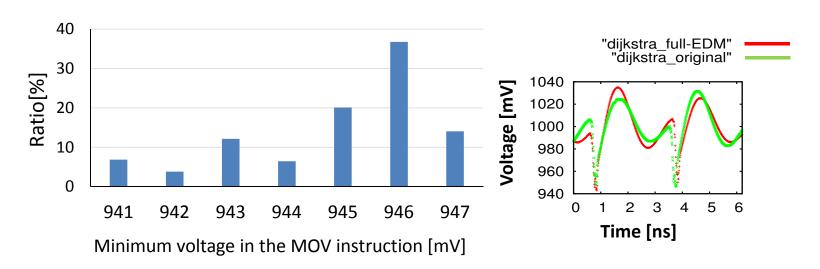
Backup Slide Difficulty of Electrical Error Localization Program transformation change inst. sequence.

Supply voltage varies.



Can SW-based trans. debug the original error?

Backup Slide Why low reproduction ratio?



Even when the same instructions are executed, memory and registers usage changes.

⇒ EDM changes inductive noise and this prevents the error reproduction.